Dark Sectors and Light Long-Lived Particles
Snowmass AF-EF-RF Meeting

Jonathan Feng, UC Irvine, 15 July 2020







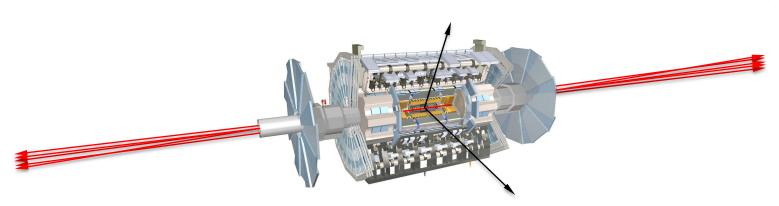


- As the LHC runs at higher energies and much higher luminosities in the next 15 years, how can its potential be maximally exploited?
- Attention has focused on high  $p_T$  / low cross section physics (~fb, pb, nb).
- But the total cross section is ~100 mb, and most of it (and most of the highest energy particles) is in the far forward region at low  $p_T$ .
- In recent years, it has become clear that there is an entire physics
  program that remains to be explored in the far forward region, and
  this can be done with relatively small additional investment.
- The proposal: create a Forward Physics Facility for the HL LHC.
   Enlarge an existing cavern in the far forward region of ATLAS to house a suite of experiments with groundbreaking new capabilities for neutrinos, LLP searches, QCD, dark matter, dark sectors, and cosmic rays.

#### SM AND BSM PHYSICS POTENTIAL

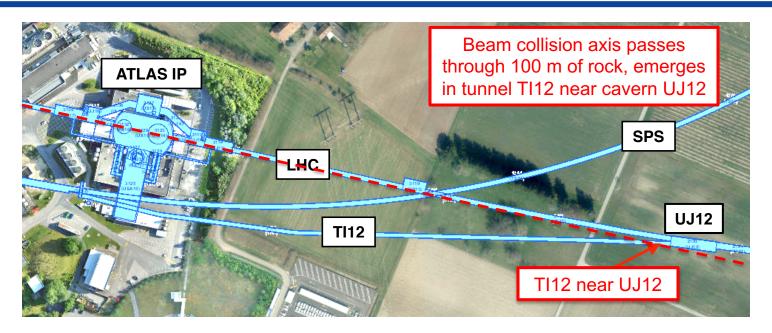
- Neutrinos: There is a large flux of TeV neutrinos at the LHC
  - Most of these escape the detector along the beam collision axis; no collider neutrino has ever been detected
  - Rich SM physics program: vs / anti-vs of all flavors ( $\pi \rightarrow v_{\mu}$ ,  $K \rightarrow v_{e}$ ,  $D \rightarrow v_{\tau}$ )

See Felix Kling's talk



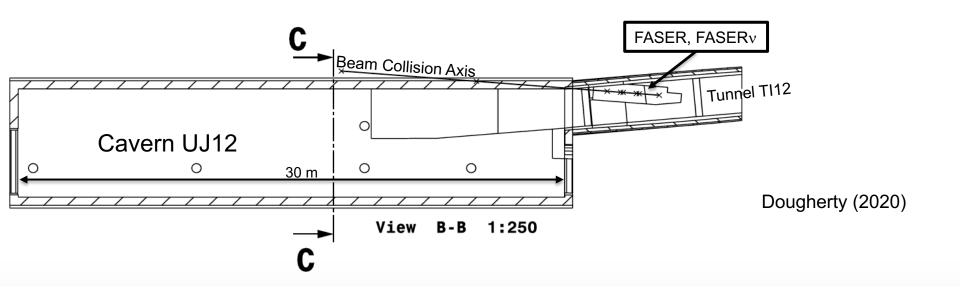
- New Physics: In many models, MeV-GeV mass, weakly-interacting particles are also preferentially produced along the beam collision axis
  - They escape the detector, may also decay far away (LLPs)
  - − Rich BSM physics program:  $\pi$  → dark photon, B → dark Higgs,  $\gamma$  → ALP, etc.

# **BEAM COLLISION AXIS**

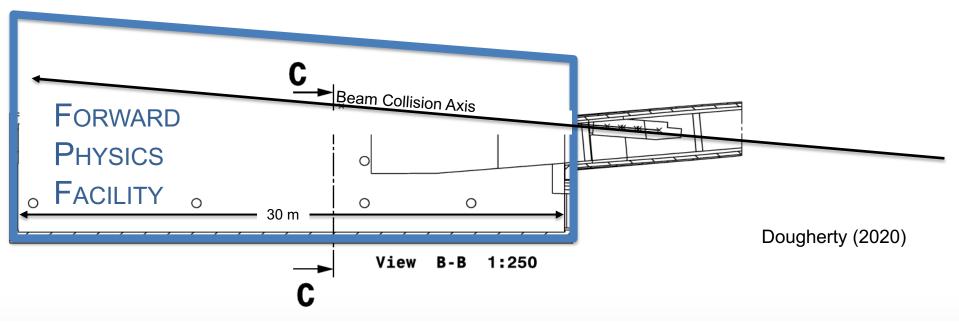




 A few experiments are under construction or proposed for this location. But they are severely limited by the tunnels and infrastructure that were created long before the physics potential of this space was appreciated.



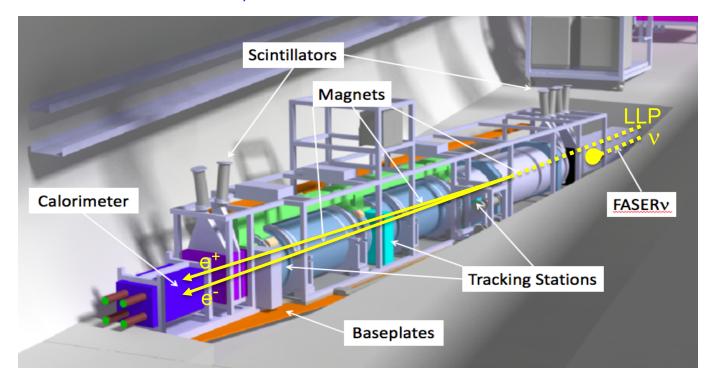
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- A Forward Physics Facility, dedicated to supporting a suite of far forward experiments, would lead to a huge gain in sensitivity to new physics, neutrino studies, hadronic physics, etc.
- Exploits pre-existing cavern, but requires widening by a few meters to provide space on the beam collision axis.

# WHAT'S IT GOOD FOR?

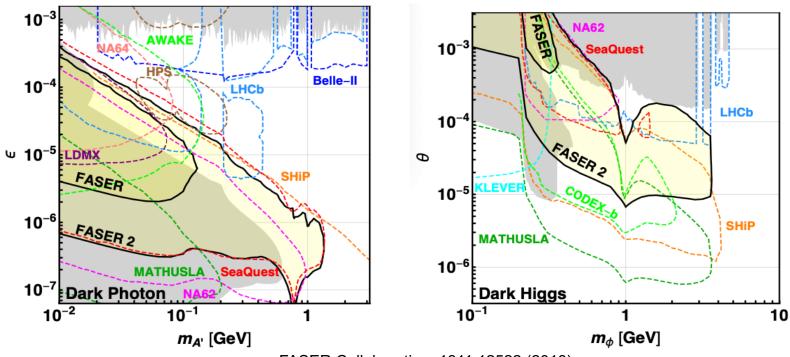
- FASER and FASERv are approved, funded, under construction for Run 3.
  - 65 collaborators from 19 institutions in 8 countries.
  - 50cm deep trench puts the detectors on axis. Coverage:  $\eta > 9$ , total length: 6 m.
  - FASER: tracker and calorimeter, detects LLP decay to pair of TeV charged tracks.
     Background negligible (FLUKA simulations validated by prototype detector in 2018).
  - FASERv: emulsion detector, detects CC and NC neutrino interactions.



SND has also been proposed as a (slightly) off-axis v experiment in TI18.

#### LLP SEARCHES

- FASER probes new parameter space in many models with just 1 fb<sup>-1</sup>.
- With a Forward Physics Facility, could upgrade
   FASER (R=10cm, L=1.5m, Run 3) → FASER 2 (R=1m, L=5m, HL-LHC),
   extending sensitivity greatly, complementary to other experiments



FASER Collaboration, 1811.12522 (2018)

#### LLP SEARCHES

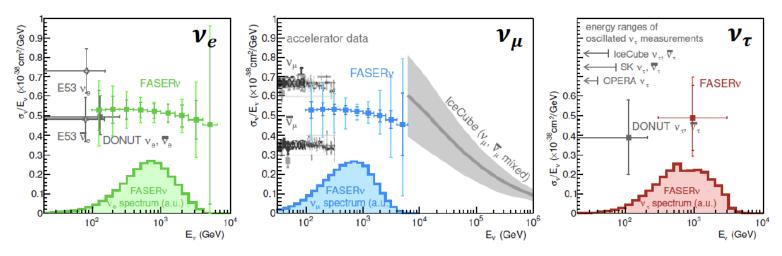
 With a Forward Physics Facility, there is discovery potential for all portal particles (dark photons, dark Higgs bosons, heavy neutral leptons), ALPs with all types of couplings (photon, fermion, gluon), and many other models.

Benchmark Model	Label	Section	PBC	Refs	FASER	FASER 2
Dark Photons	V1	IV A	BC1	[7]	√ /	
B-L Gauge Bosons	V2	IVB		[30]	$\sqrt{}$	\ \frac{1}{}
$L_i - L_j$ Gauge Bosons	V3	IVC		[30]		_
Dark Higgs Bosons	S1	VA	BC4	[26, 27]	_	<b>√</b>
Dark Higgs Bosons with $hSS$	S2	VB	BC5	[26]	_	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
HNLs with $e$	F1	VI	BC6	[28, 29]	_	
HNLs with $\mu$	F2	VI	BC7	[28, 29]	_	
HNLs with $ au$	F3	VI	BC8	[28, 29]	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>
ALPs with Photon	A1	VIIA	BC9	[32]		
ALPs with Fermion	A2	VIIB	BC10		_ \	√
ALPs with Gluon	A3	VIIC	BC11	_	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
Dark Pseudoscalars	P1	VIII	_	[36]	_	$\sqrt{}$

FASER Collaboration, 1811.12522 (2018)

#### **FPF NEUTRINO PHYSICS**

- FASERv will detect 1000s of vs with 1.3 ton tungsten/emulsion in Run 3.
  - Will detect first collider neutrino (see de Rujula and Ruckl, 1984!)
  - Detect ~1000  $v_e$ , ~10,000  $v_\mu$ , and ~10  $v_\tau$ .
  - Probe neutrino properties at energies E<sub>v</sub> ~ TeV.

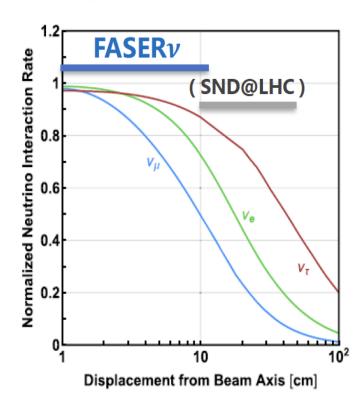


FASER Collaboration 1908.02310 (2019)

- With FPF, could upgrade to ~10 tons in HL-LHC, precisely study neutrino production, propagation, and interactions for all 3 flavors, lepton universality,  $\nu$  oscillations,  $\nu_{\tau}$  magnetic moment, NSI, neutrino tridents, ...
- FPF will open up a new world of TeV neutrino physics at colliders.

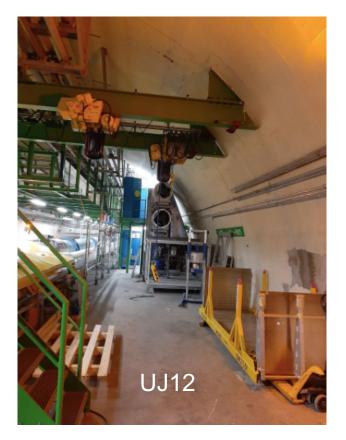
## **FPF QCD PHYSICS**

- The forward production of hadrons is currently subject to large uncertainties. Experiments at a Forward Physics Facility would provide useful insights.
  - Accommodate both on-axis and off-axis neutrino detectors, which provide complementary information ( $\pi \to \nu_{\mu}$ ,  $K \to \nu_{e}$ ,  $D \to \nu_{\tau}$ ).
  - Different target nuclei (lead, tungsten) to probe different nuclear pdfs
  - Strange quark pdf through  $vs \rightarrow lc$
  - Forward charm production, intrinsic charm
  - Refine simulations that currently vary greatly (EPOS-LHC, QGSJET, DPMJET, SIBYLL, PYTHIA...)
  - Essential input to astroparticle experiments; e.g., distinguish galactic neutrino signal from atmospheric neutrino background at IceCube
  - New ideas?



### **UJ12 CAVERN**

- The Forward Physics Facility would require widening UJ12 or UJ18 by a few meters.
- Requires significant civil engineering near the LHC beam, but not much compared to what has already been invested in excavation for the HL LHC.





#### **SNOWMASS PLANS**

- Bring together physicists with diverse interests to study the physics potential and feasibility of the Forward Physics Facility at the HL LHC.
- Snowmass provides an ideal setting: this is an inherently cross-frontier topic, with relevance for EF, NF, RF, CF, TF, and AF.
- Many open questions
  - What is the ideal mix of experiments? Could imagine on- and off-axis LLP experiments, on- and off-axis detectors targeting neutrinos and QCD, a millicharge search experiment, ...
  - What is the optimal design for each experiment?
  - Complementarity with other experiments closer to the IP?
  - Is it feasible to construct the FPF in LS3? Cost, schedule, ...
- Short time window: if no Forward Physics Facility at the HL LHC, many of these physics opportunities will disappear for decades.
- New ideas welcome! All invited to join the Forward Physics Facility LOI.